







REDD+ Readiness and Implementation in Peru

The bottom-up approach

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Levels of REDD+

International REDD+ System

UNFCCC

Non-UNFCCC regulated schemes

Voluntary carbon markets

Peru

National Government

Sub-national Governments

Civil Society

National REDD+ program

REDD+ Projects in public areas (e.g. a National Park)

Sub-national REDD+ Programs

REDD+ Projects in public areas

REDD+ Projects in public areas given in concession

REDD + conceptual framework for Peru

Peru decided to adopt an implementation of REDD + in a tiered approach (= LOCAL → REGIONAL → NATIONAL).

- Why was this decision made?
 - The GoP began a decentralization processes: Regions assume more management responsibilities for their territories.
 - The GoP recognizes the contribution and potential of sub-national initiatives (= level of local and regional).
 - The GoP wants to promote sub-national initiatives (politics of Investment Promotion Board).
 - Sub-national initiatives have already started and will are generating emission reductions before this is possible at national level.

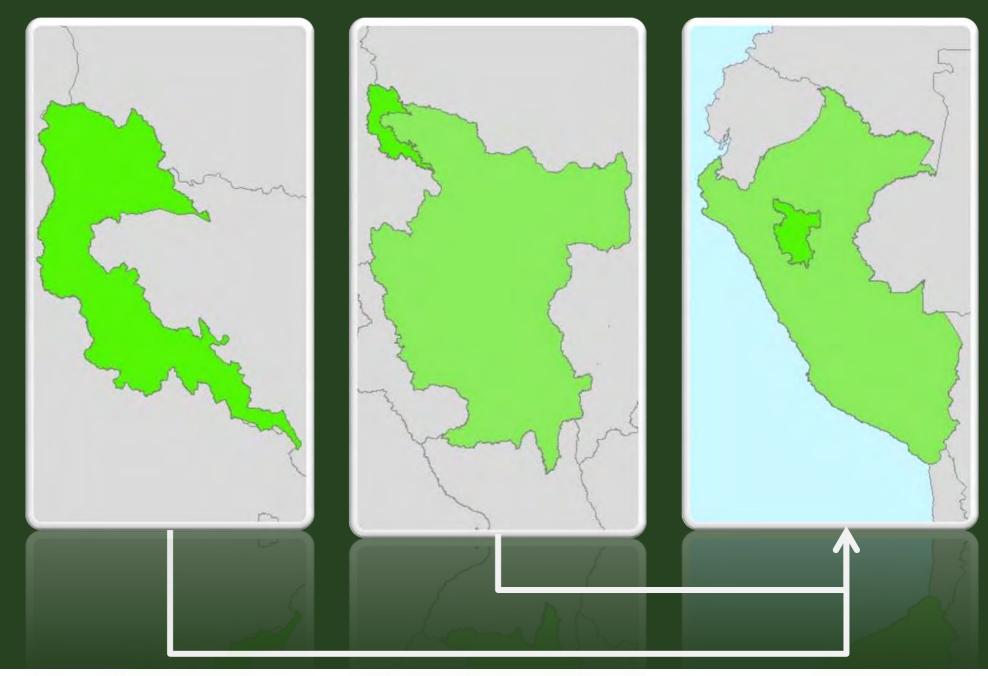
The Peruvian Approach to REDD+

TIERED APPROACH

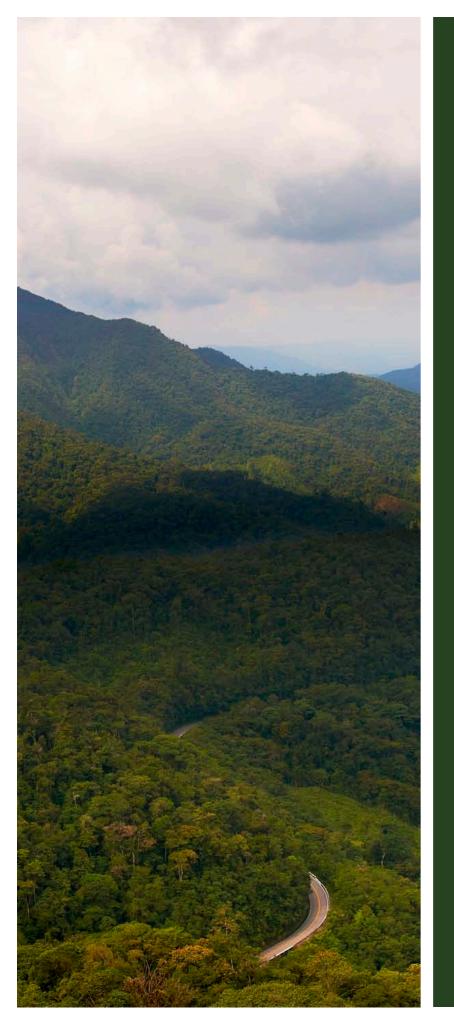
Site and regional REDD+ initiatives are informing Peruvian national REDD+ policy development LOCAL: e.g., Alto Mayo Protected Forest

REGIONAL: e.g., San Martin

NATIONAL: Peru







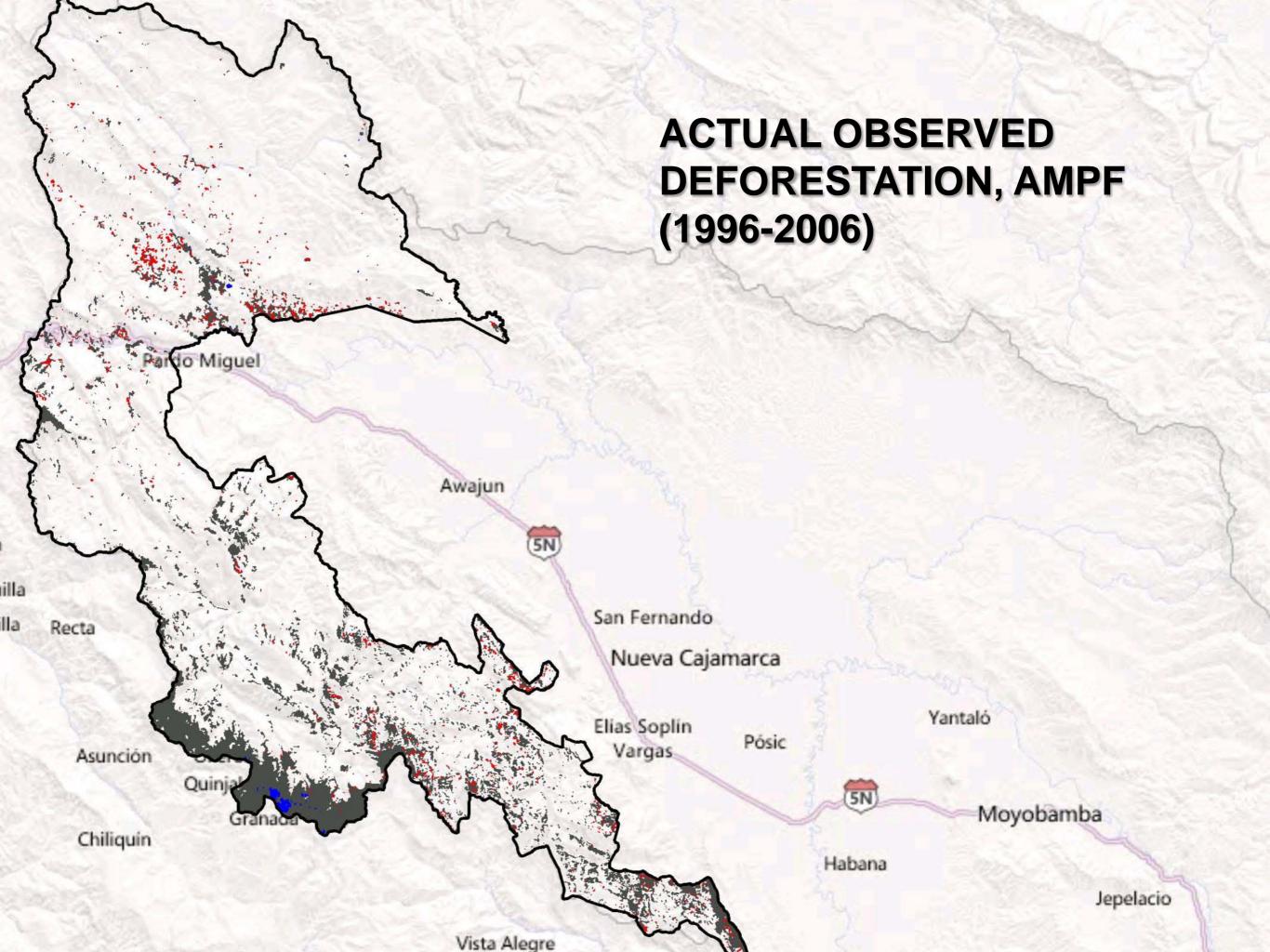
1st verified REDD+ project for CI

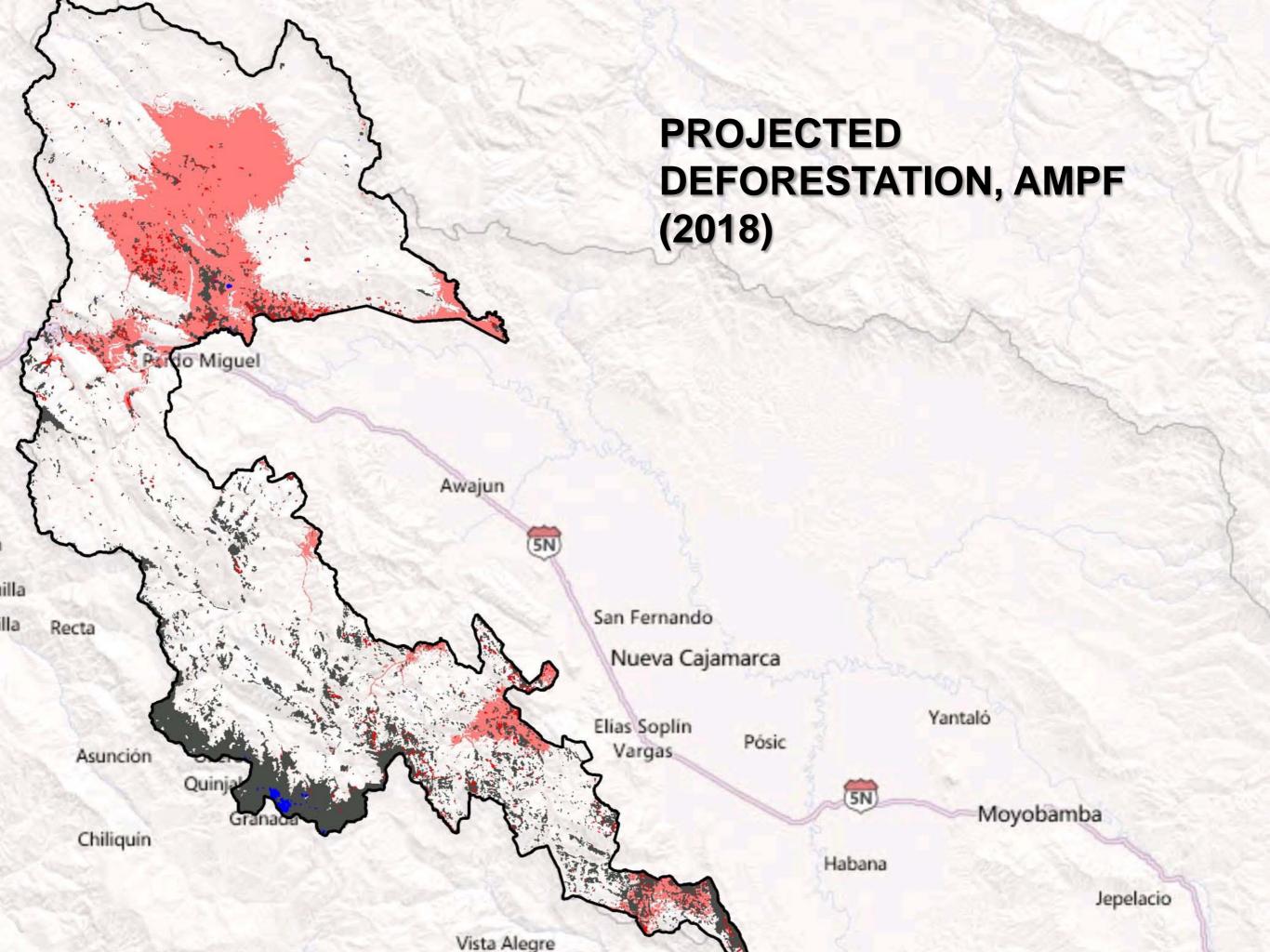
1st verified REDD+ project in a protected area

5th verified REDD+ project in the world

Largest verified REDD+ project to date (hectares)

Single largest corporate investment in REDD+





Carbon Financing

measure

carbon stock of forest

~ 150 carbon stock plots sampled

monitor

reduction in deforestation

Average over 500,000 tons of CO₂ per year in emissions reductions

monetize

tradable Voluntary
Carbon Units

Over \$1 million per year used for sustainable development

Verification



Credibility of GHG Reductions

Additionality

Measurement & monitoring

Leakage

Permanence

Registration



Project Design, plus Social and Environmental Impacts

Poverty alleviation & sustainable development

Biodiversity conservation

Watershed protection

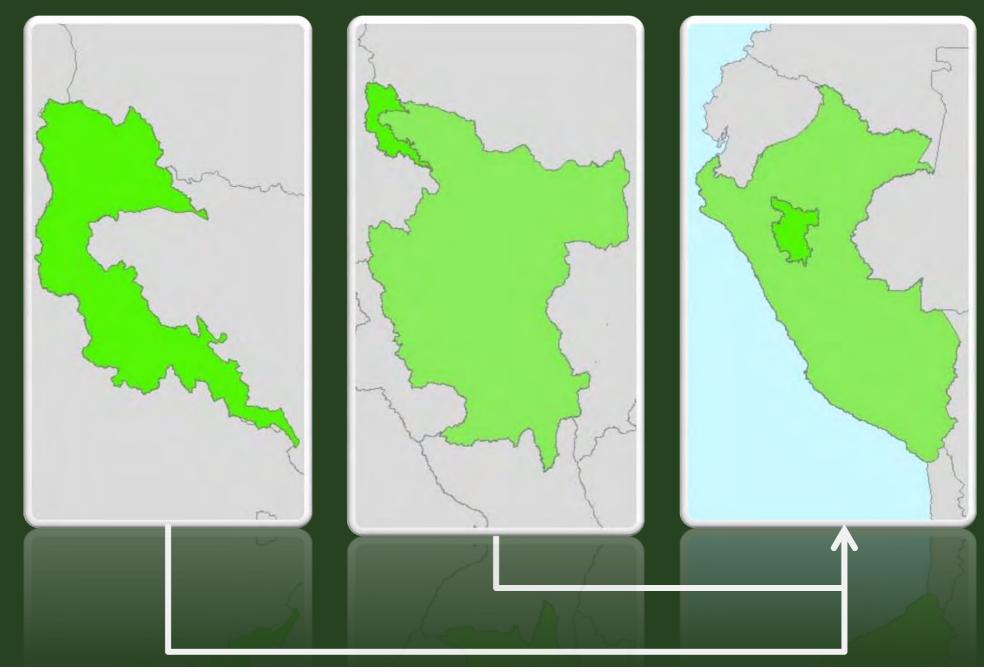
Climate adaptation

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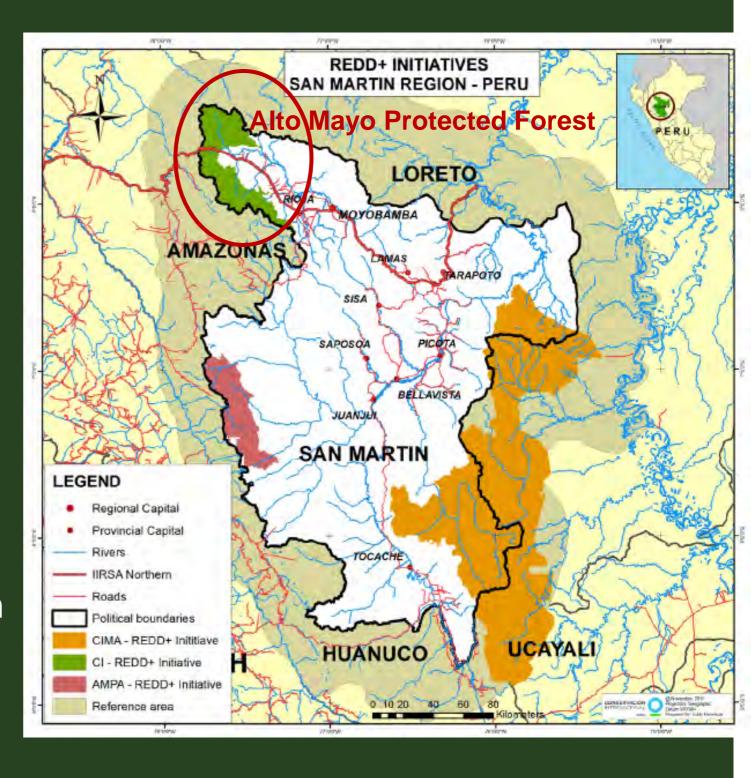
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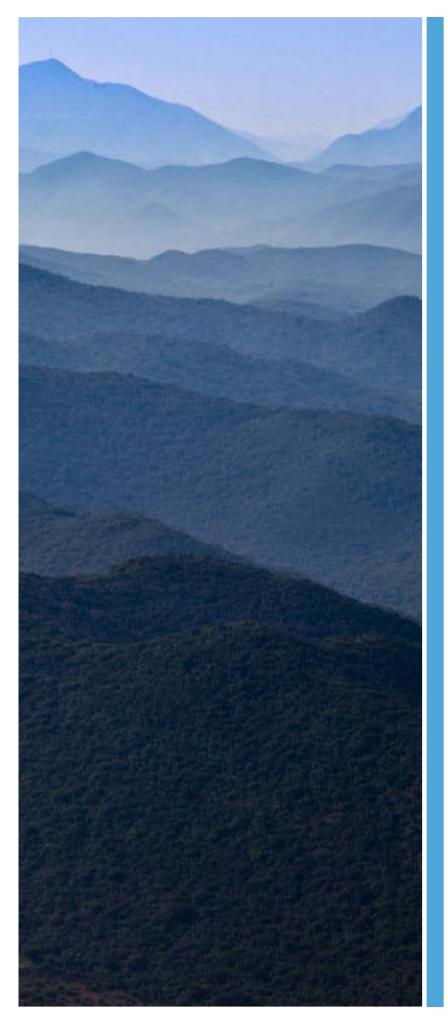
NATIONAL: Peru



San Martin Region

- Area: 5.12 million ha
- Most of its original land cover consisted of tropical forests and wetlands
- High deforestation rates due to the influx of immigrants from economically depressed rural areas in the Andean highlands
- Deforestation process accelerated by government efforts to connect the region with the rest of the country and of agricultural development programs
- A estimated 1.6 million ha of primary forest have been cleared





SUBNATIONAL LEVEL

REDD+ process in San Martin

Develop a REDD + program led by the Regional Government that can inform the design of a national model, including:

- Develop and support an effective stakeholder engagement process;
- Capacity building;
- Deforestation baseline, reference scenario;
- REDD+ strategy that feeds from local initiatives and local communities;
- Integrate San Martin REDD+ initiative to the National REDD+ strategy.

ORGANIZATIONAL DIAGRAM OF THE SAN MARTIN REDD+ ROUNDTABLE

REDD+ Roundtable (Leadership: GORESAM - ARA)

Members: AMPA, APECO, ACOPAGRO, CIMA, CI, CEDISA, ECOAN, DRRN y AAA, ITDG, JBPAM, JPNCAZ, JPNRA, MINAM, PEAM, PEHCBM, SNV, SPDA, WWF ...

Expert liaison MINAM

Advisors Committee (CI, CEDISA, AMPA, CIMA, ARA-GORESAM, MINAM)

Technical Working Group 1

1 technician (GORESAM – ARA) 2 technicians (AMPA, CIMA) 1 team
leader
(Carbon
Decisions
Internationa

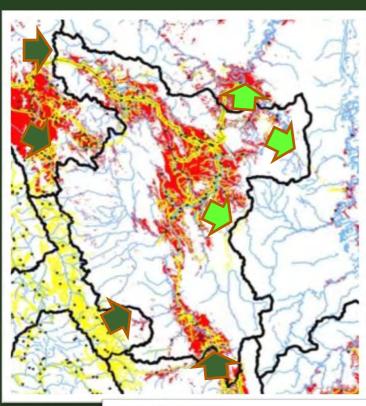
Technical Working Group 2

Tehnicians (AMPA, CIMA, CEDISA, APECO, CI).

Team leader ORDEPISAM/ AMPA

Deforestation baseline and reference scenario





Historic
deforestation
analysis and land
use mapping

Spatial data collection

Analysis of deforestation drivers

Opportunity cost analysis

Driver %

Small size agriculture 53.3

Medium size agriculture 30.6

Agro-industry 1.2

Cattle ranching 14.7

0.1

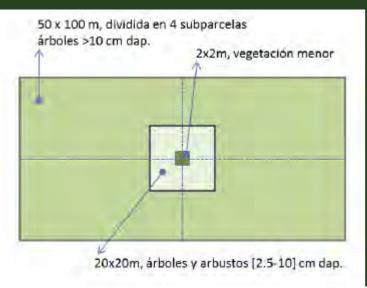
Other

Carbon stock inventory and mapping

Estimation of potential carbon emissions under REDD+

Future deforestation projection

Carbon Stock Inventory

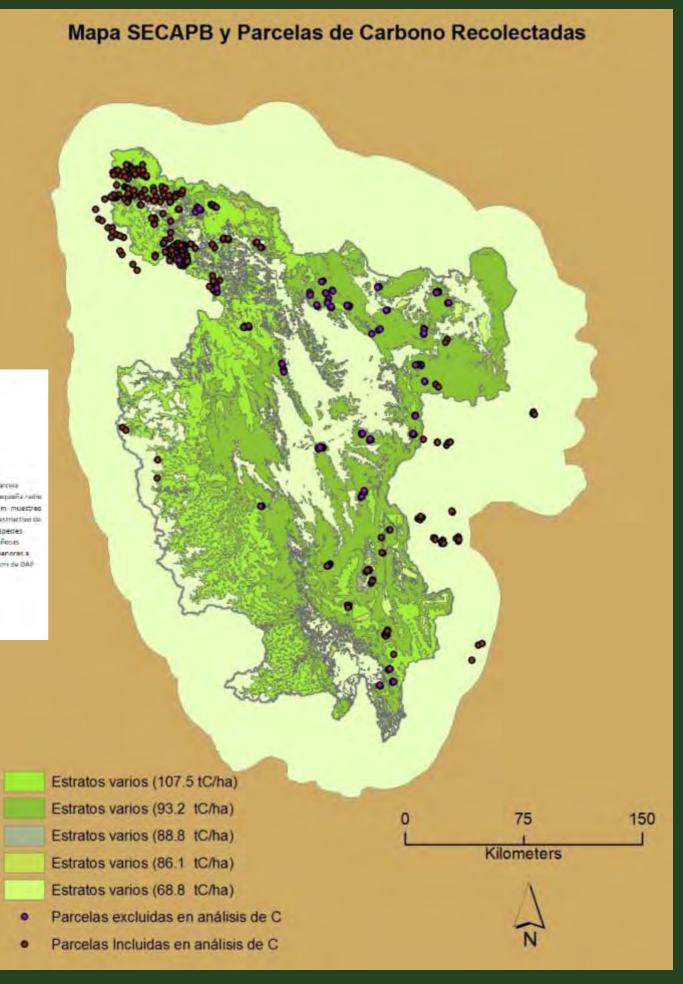


Parcelas Circulares Anidadas

	Diametro del Tronco	Radios de las Sub parcelas circulares	
100	Viestreo destractivo	Im.	
	5-10.0 cm de DAF	Sec.	7
The state of the s	20 - 47.0 cm de DAP	100	
U-1	- de 50an de DAP	2011	
	Parcella grande radio 30 m árboles > 50 cm de DAP	irbeles de m Arboles	paquaña radia I m muestreo destructivo de especies leficias manares a Som de OAF

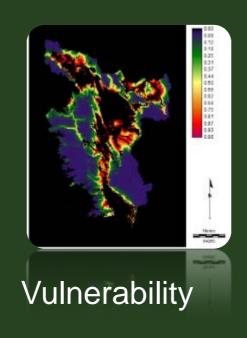
Tabla 4. Estratificación de la región de referencia usando el mapa de Patrimonio Forestal Nacional. Estratos y distribución de parcelas resultante.

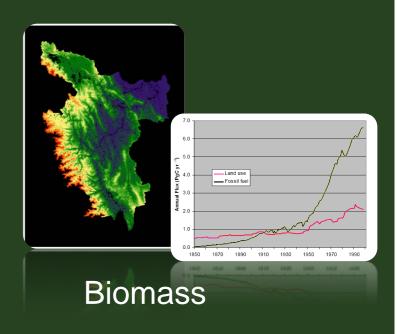
Estrato	Tamaño del estrato (ha)	Número de parcelas en el estrato	Media del estrato (t-C/ha)
Bosque de colinas altas	284,964	13	51.0
Bosque de colinas bajas y lomadas	223,867	3	56.8
Bosque de montaña	3,759,641	330	83.8
Bosque de terrazas altas	58,790	7	53.5
Bosque de terrazas bajas - medias	541,120	20	72.3
Total	4,868,383	373	



Future Deforestation Modeling







Historic Deforestatio

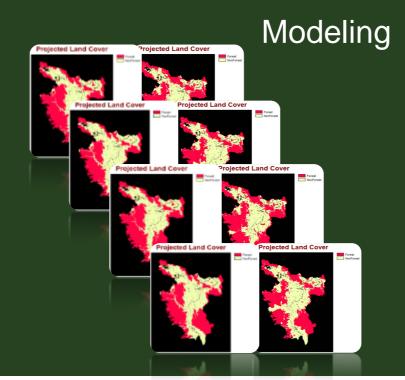


Model Simulation

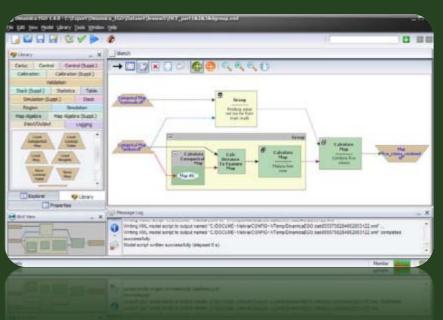


Estimated CO₂

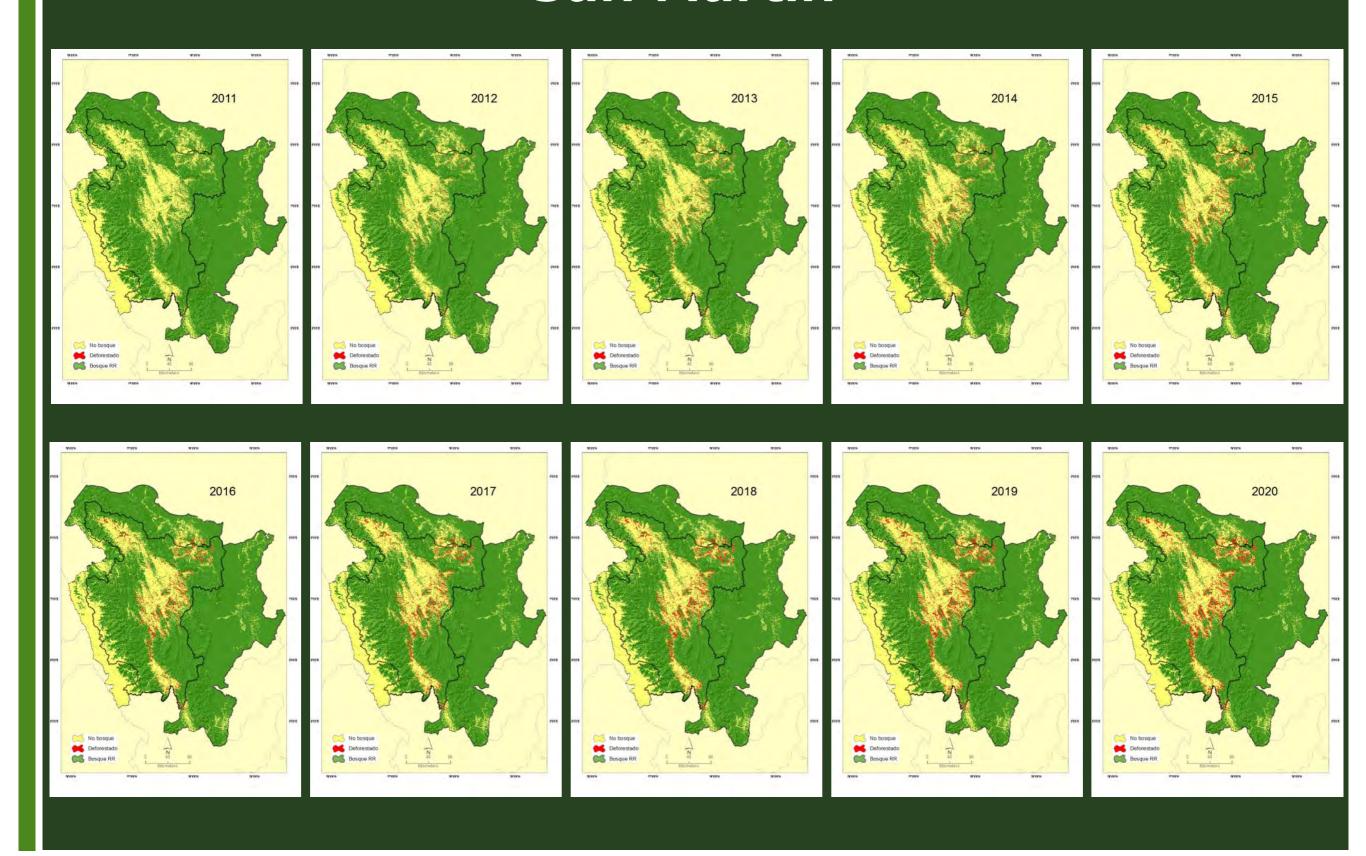
Variables







Regional Reference Scenario 2010-2020 San Martin



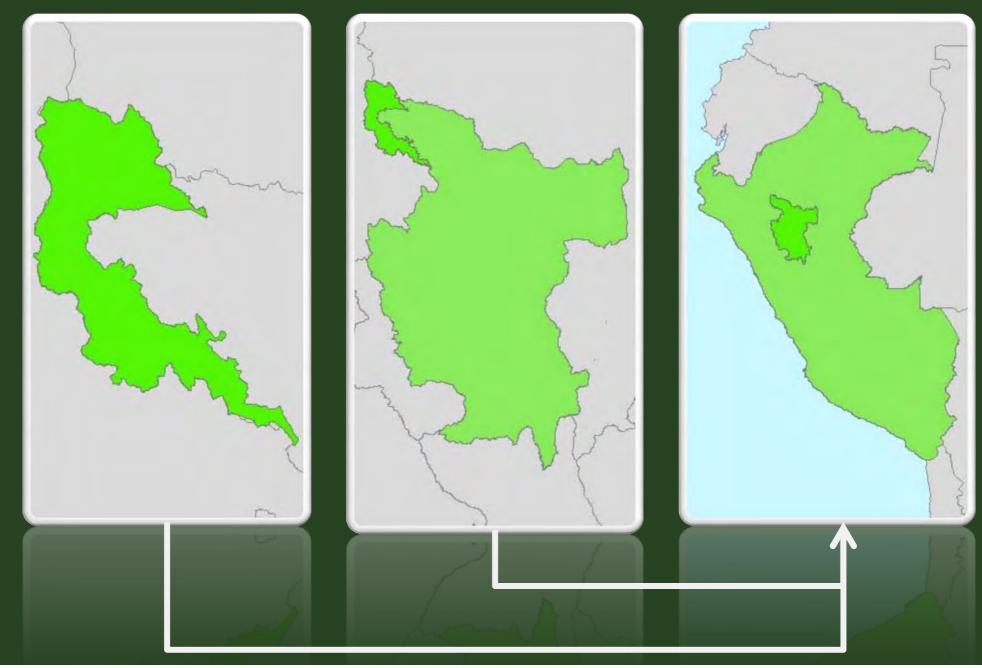
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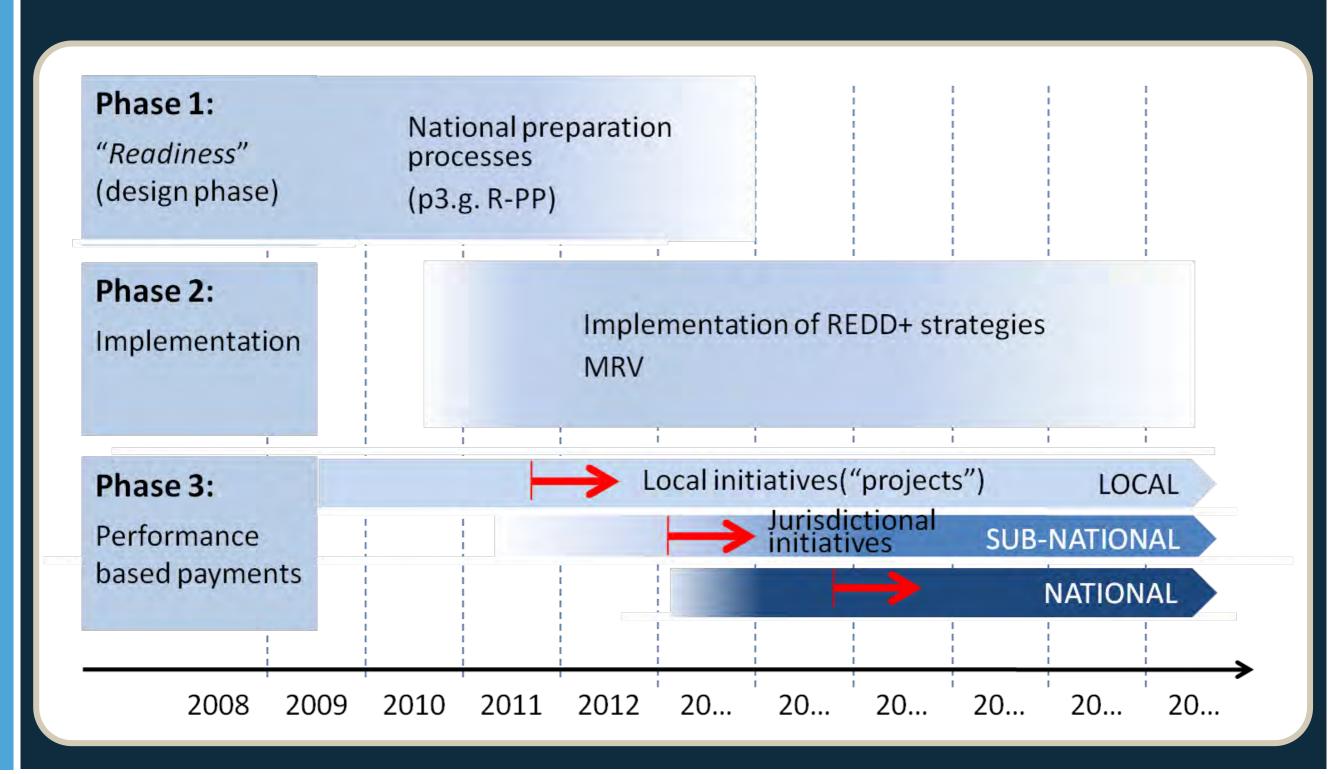
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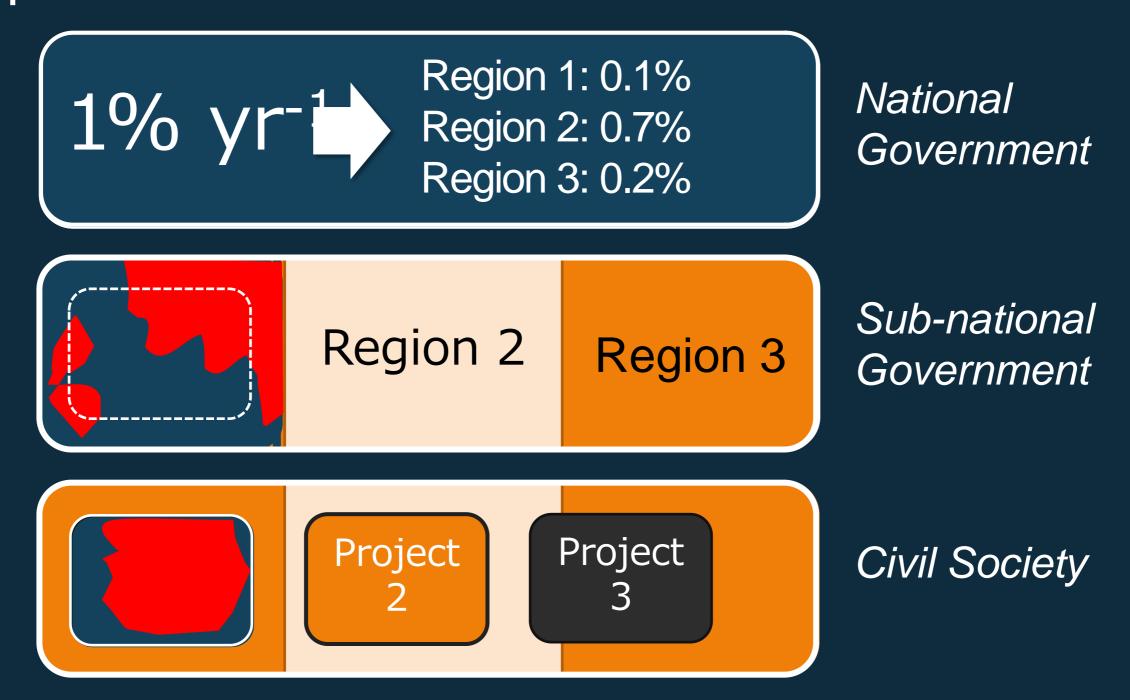
NATIONAL: Peru



The tiered approach allows for the development of REDD+ to grow from the LOCAL level to the NATIONAL level



Reference Emission Levels (REL) under the Nested Approach



Baseline risk: Methods & Outcomes are likely to be different.

What infrastructure is needed to implement REDD + with the "tiered approach"?

National system for monitoring emissions from deforestation

A methodological framework for generating appropriate reference emission scenarios

National GHG inventory that will allow reporting of emissions reductions

Mechanisms for collection and distribution of resources to finance the cost of REDD +

Carbon rights on clearly defined and granted



Inter-institutional coordination

International Rules

National Rules

National Rules

REDD+ Coordination Authority

Source: Carbon Decisions International

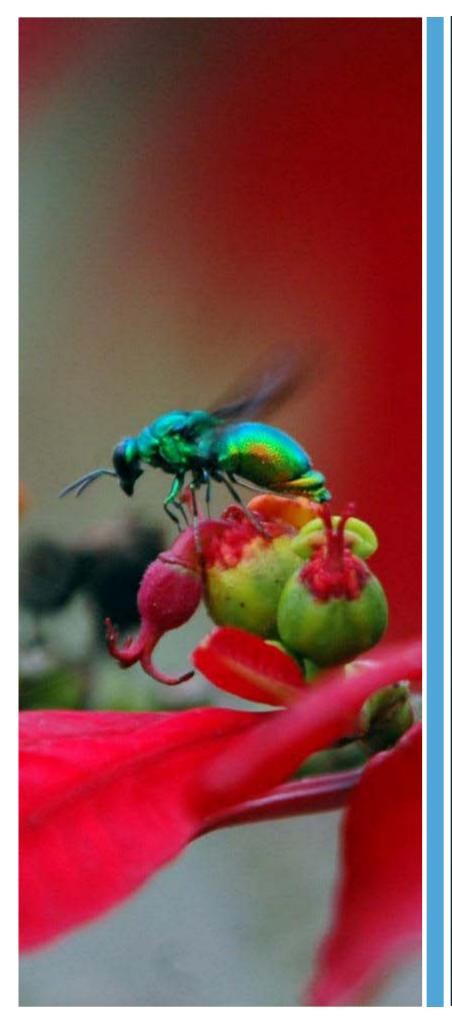
Next steps

- Continue capacity building to San Martin Regional Government, REDD+ roundtable and MINAM
- Develop Jurisdictional and Nested REDD+ scheme for San Martin in partnership with VCS.
- Develop REDD+ SES for San Martin
- Continue supporting the Peruvian REDD+ strategy development based on the lessons learned from the San Martin model.



Some conclusions

- 1. The nested approach is a complex multi-stakeholder, multi-level, multi-sector process;
- 2. Ensure that the REDD+ initiatives are part of government's development plans to get their buy-in and support;
- 3. Importance of having clear institutional and methodological frameworks and regulations from the National Government early on;
- 4. Promote integration of REDD+ across all sectors of economy;
- 5. Need for extensive capacity building to all stakeholders at all levels;
- 6. Need to ensure that REDD+ initiatives are backed by rigorous technical and scientific analyses and standards.



THANKS! CONSERVATION INTERNATIONAL

Peru

Our gratitude to:

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Regional Government of San Martin
Ministry of Environment of Peru
Peruvian Natural Protected Area Service
Norwegian Agency for Development
Cooperation

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