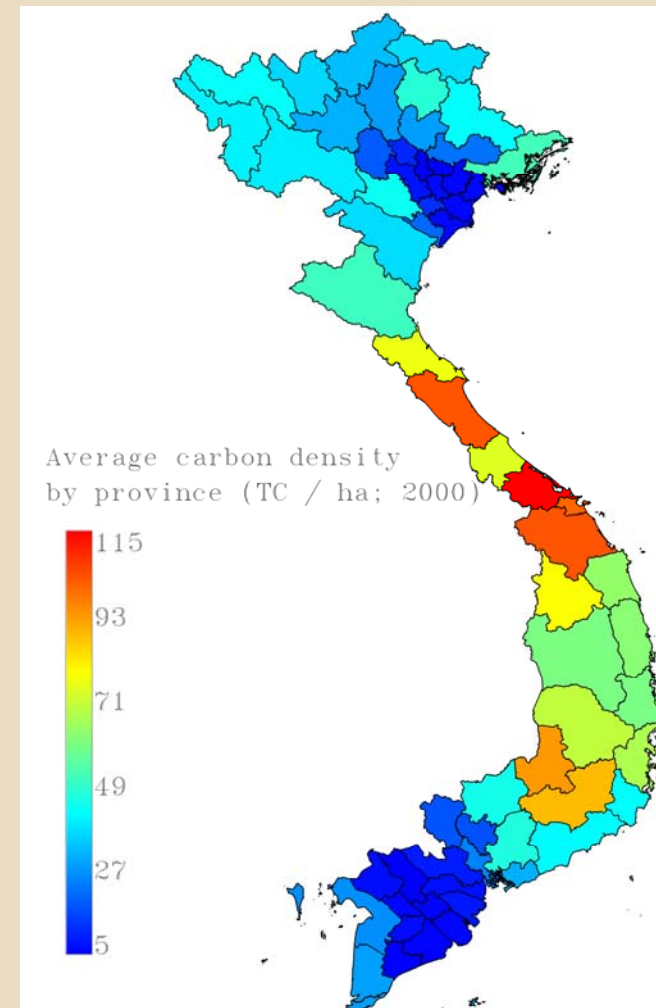
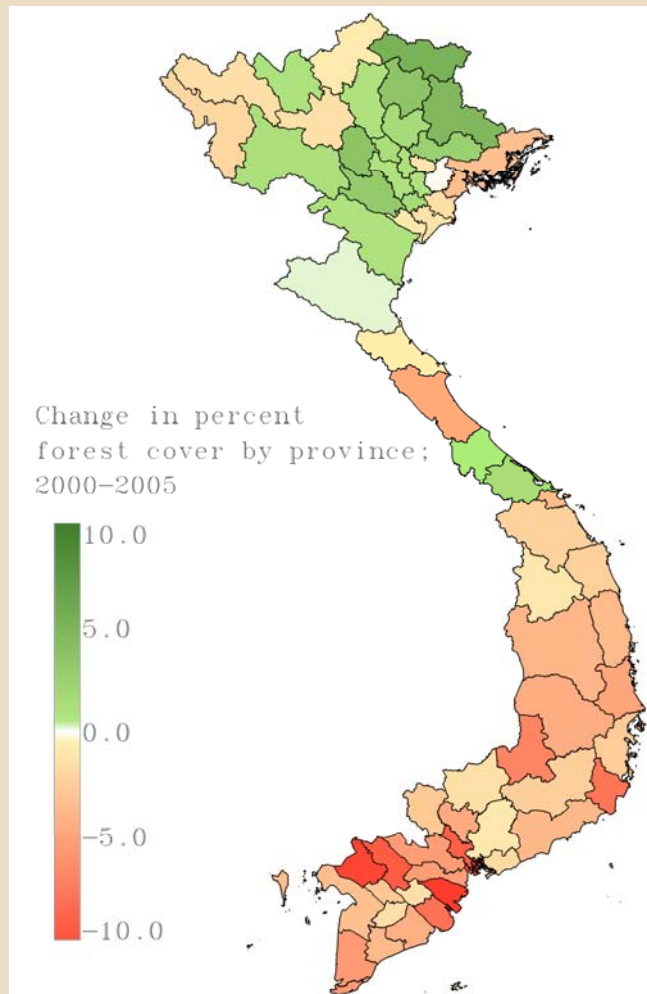


REDD+ IN VIETNAM

Pham Quoc Hung

**Vietnam Administration of Forestry (VNForest)
Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development (MARD)**

Deforestation and Carbon density



UN-REDD Programme

- **Phase I** (2009-2011): focuses on the initial stages and preparing the country to be ready (institutional arrangements; preparation of appropriate laws and legislation; developing a National REDD Programme; design of a MRV; etc.),
- **Phase II** (2011-2014): to establish and make operational all of the essential elements with full-scale piloting in six provinces,
- **Phase III** (2015-): implement in the whole country.

Phases of REDD+ Readiness



Phase 1: Initial
Readiness

Phase 2:
Investment and
scale-up

Phase 3: Full
National
Implementation



Phase I achievements

- • Improved institutional and technical capacity for national coordination to manage REDD+ activities in Viet Nam;
- • Improved capacity to manage REDD+ and provide other Payment for Ecological Services at provincial and district levels through sustainable development planning and implementation;
- • Improved knowledge of approaches to reduce regional displacement of emissions.

National REDD Programme

- The National Steering Committee on REDD+ was established in January 2011,
- National REDD's office also established,
- The government is also taking measures specifically related to REDD+ such as developing the National REDD Strategy; determining optimal benefit distribution systems; designing an effective monitoring, reporting and verification (MRV) system; developing appropriate FPIC processes.

Possible REDD+ System Design in Vietnam

1. **National REDD Programme** (Strategy) sets overall goals and plans, establishes roles for Provincial and District agencies;

2. **Local Peoples' Committees** determine locally appropriate benefit distribution proposals (guidance from the National REDD Strategy)

3. Agencies **defined in National REDD Programme** monitor implementation of REDD actions

4. Agencies responsible for monitoring emissions undertake monitoring activities (at periods defined by the UNFCCC,).

5. Viet Nam's performance report **compiled, comparing actual measures emissions with projects emissions under the national REL, submitted to UNFCCC**

6. UNFCCC **verifies and certifies the number of carbon credits achieved**

7. Viet Nam is eligible to receive revenues corresponding with verified carbon credits through an international market mechanism, an international funding mechanism, or both



Planning and
Implementation

8. Viet Nam receives revenues into a National REDD Fund (stand alone fund, or sub-fund of an existing fund), overseen by a broad-based, multi-stakeholder governing body

**Benefit
Distribution**

9. Staff of National REDD Fund calculate provincial shares of the total revenues based on provincial performance

10. Staff of the National REDD Fund calculate implementations, transaction costs, and opportunity costs incurred by the central government and subtract these amounts from the gross revenues

11. Net revenues are distributed to Provincial REDD Funds (mirrored on the National Fund, and also with participatory governance structures), according to R_p coefficients

12a. Provincial REDD Fund staff repeat steps 9-11 to determine distribution of net REDD revenues to District Funds

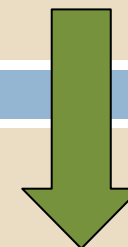
12b. Provincial REDD Fund staff are responsible for disbursement to ultimate beneficiaries

13. Provincial/District Fund staff (depending on Option 1 or 2) determine net revenues to be distributed to ultimate beneficiaries, and deliver payments or other benefits

14. Agencies monitor disbursement activities

15. Agencies responsible for providing recourse in the event of disputes undertake actions to ensure that all beneficiaries are able to register a complaint if desired

16. Staff of the National REDD Fund initiate independent external auditing of National, Provincial, and (if relevant) District REDD Funds



PHASE II REDD+

Context

Monitoring system

Necessary for a results-based

MRV system

Necessary for performance-based mechanism

Information on REDD+ Safeguards

IPCC Elements

Activity Data

Land representation

Emission Factors - Forest carbon pools

Carbon Stock Change

System Elements

National REDD+ Information System

Satellite Land Monitoring System

National Forest Biomass Inventory

National GHG Inventory

System to be based on GIS/RS and forest-related technologies. Will include web-GIS interface with the objectives of providing information, allowing the participation of all relevant stakeholders, an enabling and transparent monitoring process.

Operations will-to-what system based on satellite remote sensing data, with a sampling approach to assess historical deforestation and degradation rate. Change in forest area to be assessed in order to fulfil the IPCC Approach 3 reporting requirement.

Sampling design based on continuous sampling system, e.g. India forest inventory. Data on carbon stock at forest carbon pools to the main forest types at IPCC Tier 2 and Tier 3 reporting requirement. NFII will be integrated with a community-based inventory approach.

National GHG inventory to the Forest sector

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR REDD+ IMPLEMENTATION

- National REDD strategy (programme);
- Stronger coordination with other Ministries;
- Good benefit distribution system;
- Establishment of MRV system;
- FPIC processes.



Thank you for your
attention!